



## Framing the New Southbound Policy in Western Media

### Ramy nowej polityki wobec Azji Południowo-Wschodniej i Antypodów w Mediach Zachodnich

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#### Abstract

The New Southbound Policy (NSP) is the key issue in the economic policy agenda of Tsai Ing-wen, the President of the Republic of China. The aim of the article is to examine through the quantitative analysis the content of Western media as well as a group of Asian media outlets about the NSP in order to depict the NSP's image. Twenty-three websites of newspapers, magazines, radio (Voice of Vietnam) and television (CNA) channels have been under the research process. There are two hundred five research units which were identified as news features concerning the New Southbound Policy. Generally, the idea of New Southbound Policy is simultaneously drawn in the media outlets' content as an economic and political agenda. The NSP was introduced both to reduce the economic dependence from China and to raise Tai-

#### Abstract

Nowa polityka wobec Azji Południowo-Wschodniej i Antypodów jest kluczową kwestią w programie politycznym prezydent Republiki Chińskiej Tsai Ing-wen. Celem tego rozdziału jest zbadanie poprzez analizę ilościową, zawartości światowych i azjatyckich środków masowego i ich przekazów na temat nowej polityki wobec Azji Południowo-Wschodniej i Antypodów. Proces badawczy obejmował 23 strony internetowe gazet, czasopism, stacji radiowej (Voice of Vietnam) i kanału telewizyjnego (CNA). Zidentyfikowano dwieście osiem jednostek badawczych traktujących o Nowej Polityce, której istotą jest zmniejszenie zależności gospodarczej od Chin kontynentalnych i zwiększenie międzynarodowej obecności Tajwanu w regionie Azji Południowo-Wschodniej i Południowej oraz Antypodów. Wymowa analizowa

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wan's international visibility in the South-east and South Asia region. In such media content, Taiwan has usually been shaped in a positive way as a vibrant democracy and responsible member of international community complying with the important global issues, such as the UN Sustainable Development Goal, e.g., the UN Climate Framework Convention. Eventually, the New Southbound Policy is being framed as a positive concept that shapes attractive Taiwan's image.

**Key words:** New Southbound Policy, Southeast Asia, South Asia, media outlets, Taiwan, Republic of China, R.o.C

nych treści poświęconych nowej polityce ukazuje Tajwan w pozytywnym kontekście jako rozwiniętą demokrację i odpowiedzialnego członka społeczności międzynarodowej, który angażuje się w problemy globalne, takich jak Cele Zrównoważonego Rozwoju ONZ czy Ramowa Konwencja Klimatyczna ONZ

**Słowa kluczowe:** NSP, Tajwan, Republika Chińska, Azja Południowo-Wschodnia

## Introduction

The Republic of China has the diplomatic relations with fourteen states in the world including the Holy See, the only diplomatically in Europe.

Taiwan is the one of the main actors of international affairs both in governmental and non-governmental international organizations due to the Taiwan's soft power efforts. The Republic of China is a member of those organizations usually as a Chinese Taipei or Separate Customs Territory of Taiwan, Penghu, Kinmen and Matsu. Taiwan's efforts in international affairs are focused on improving the economic potential and the presence in the international community (Rajczyk 2016, p. 75). It could be described as a "southward policy" which means "a desire to avoid becoming excessively dependent upon economic ties with the mainland" (Yahuda 1996, p. 290).

The idea of leveraging Taiwan's economic influence in Southeast and South Asia has been developed by the island's politicians since the 1994 (Jing Bojiun, [www.nbr.org](http://www.nbr.org), 2018). Gary Klintworth stands for that "Taiwan's 'look south' policy is being actively encouraged by the government in an attempt to lessen Taiwan's growing reliance on Mainland China as a market and investment destination" (Klintworth, 1995, p. 150). The three previous presidents of Republic of China have focused on expanding the economic influence there so far (Paramitaningrum, Herlijanto, 2016, p. 1178). "Under President Tsai Ing-wen's New Southbound Policy, Taiwan is also striving to broaden exchanges with the 10 Association of Southeast Asian Nations member states, six South Asian countries, Australia and New Zealand on economic and trade cooperation, talent cultivation, resource sharing and regional links. The long-term goal is to

create a new type of cooperation based on mutual benefits” (2018—2019, Taiwan at a Glance, 2018, p. 34). Having analyzed the NSP’s agenda, it is obvious that NSP has also been targeted as a soft power tool. Glaser S. Bonnie, Scott Kennedy, Derek Mitchell, Matthew P. Funaiolo suggest that “Tsai is actively promoting a multifaceted strategy that leverages Taiwan’s cultural, educational, technological, agricultural, and economic assets while maintaining stable cross-strait relations. At the heart of the NSP is a desire to weave Taiwan into a “people-centered” community of nations that spans the Indo-Pacific region” (Glaser, Kennedy, Mitchell, Funaiolo, 2018, p. 24). Because of the latter statement Taiwan Scholarship and the Government-sponsored New Southbound Policy Scholarship have been founded to further boost talent exchange.

According to J. Megan Greene, the level of development of Taiwan’s knowledge-based economy has been a result of human resources investment: “[...] most important in the emergence of Taiwan’s knowledge economy have been the state’s heavy investment in human resources development through science education; implementation of multi-tiered strategies to reserve the brain drain; S&T (science and technology - RR) planning; and construction of R&D (research and development – RR) institutions” (Greene, 2007, p. 148).

The budget allocated to the NSP projects exceed 7.2 billion NT\$ in 2018 and was divided between three ministries as well as the governmental agency (Glaser, et al., 2018, p. 24). These are: Tourism Bureau under the supervision of the Ministry of Transportation and Communications, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Ministry of Education and Ministry of Economic Affairs. The latter ones obtained three fifths of the entire amount of funds. It defines the executive aspects of NSP’s projects.

The NSP has been adopted as a promoting tool along with the implementation of the dedicated projects. The NSP’s promotion is being done in two dimensions: institutional and executive. The former aspect concerns departments in the Executive Yuan as well as in the Ministry of Foreign Affairs. These are: Department of Information Services, Department of Information Management and Department of Public Relations in the structure of Executive Yuan, whereas in Ministry of Foreign Affairs runs Department of International Information Services that is responsible for the service for foreign correspondents accredited in Taipei.

As far as the executive dimension is concerned, it has been developed through the content of the institutional websites<sup>1</sup> and periodicals, such as: Taiwan

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<sup>1</sup> There is a website dedicated to the New Southbound Policy that has been managed by Ministry of Foreign Affairs: <https://nspp.mofa.gov.tw> as well as the sub-websites directed to the NSP idea such as: <https://newsouthboundpolicy.trade.gov.tw> or the tabs in the websites related to the Ministry of Education, Financial Supervisory Commission, Executive Yuan or as newsreels, e.g., of Ministry of Economic Affairs, Ministry of Health and Welfare and its agencies.

Review, Taiwan Panorama or Taiwan Today. All of them are published by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs' Department of International Information Service and are distributed either through the direct distribution in Taiwan's embassies and Taipei's Representative Offices around the world or via email newsletters for subscribers. Furthermore, the Tourism Bureau of Ministry of Transportation and Communications publishes "Travel in Taiwan" magazine with the dedicated features concerning, for instance, the concept of "Taiwan halal".

Generally, the government remains the main source of information about the New Southbound Policy and its agencies or embassies as well as the Taipei's Representative Offices around the world. The information delivered in such a way is processed by journalists. Both the agenda setting theory and framing reveal the final effect of that process.

## Agenda setting and Framing

According to the scholars involved in the research process concerning the agenda setting, there are two dimensions of the agenda setting that could be interpreted that follow the idea of Pamela J. Shoemaker, Tim P. Vos, Stephen D. Reese as a "[...] process of selecting, writing, editing, positioning, scheduling, repeating and otherwise massaging information to become news" (Shoemaker, Vos, Reese, 2009, p. 73). This is called by Renita Coleman, Maxwell McCombs, Donald Shaw, David Weaver a "first level" which "[...] focuses on the amount of media coverage an issue or other topic receives, the 'second-level' of agenda setting looks at how the media discuss those issues or other objects of attention, such as public figures. Here the focus is on the attributes or characteristics that describe issues, people or other topics in the news and the tone of those attributes. The general effect is the same: the attributes and tone that the media use in their descriptions are the attributes and tone foremost in the public mind" (Coleman, McCombs, Shaw, Weaver, 2009, p. 149).

The agenda setting is also defined as a "process of the mass media presenting certain issues frequently and prominently with the result that large segments of the public come to perceive those issues as more important than others. Simply put, the more coverage an issue receives, the more important it is to people. Since this first simple definition of the phenomenon, agenda setting has expanded from a theory describing the transfer of issue salience from the news media to the public to a broader theory that includes a 'second-level' describing the transfer of attribute salience for those issues and many other 'objects' such as political figures" (Coleman, et al., 2009, p. 147).

The process of presenting the New Southbound Policy issue in Western as well as the regional (Southeast Asia, South Asia) media outlets is considered in this survey. It presents the way of transfer of the Western mass media content about the NSP to the Asian media outlets due to the role of mass media with global coverage as a source of information. The survey examines how the regional/Asian mass media quote the Western elite media concerning the New Southbound Policy or if there is such quoting. Coleman et al, call it as intern-media agenda setting (Coleman, et al., 2009, p. 147). Daniel Berkowitz points that “[...] when a news organization from a larger sphere covers news in a smaller sphere, that large-scale power might be irrelevant. For example, a national media organization covering news that mainly impacts a small geographic community would not necessarily have much power if the local residents in that area were not part of the media organization’s audience. There, the local media organization might turn out to have more in influence in the outcome of an issue or event” (Berkowitz, 2009, p. 105).

Apart from agenda setting, the framing is much more important because of the context it creates to the news features. Framing has been defined as “the way events and issues are organized and made sense of, especially by media, media professionals, and their audiences” (Reese, 2001, p. 7). According to Robert Entman, to frame means “to select some aspects of a perceived reality and make them more salient [...] to promote a particular problem definition, causal interpretation, moral evaluation, and/or treatment recommendation” (Entman, 1993, p. 52). Robert M. Entman, Jörg Matthes and Lynn Pellicano’s point of view focuses on the examination of “the selection and salience of certain aspects of an issue by exploring images, stereotypes, metaphors, actors and messages” (Entman, Matthes, Pellicano, 2009, p. 180).

However, James Druckman divides frames into two dimensions: frames in communication and frames in thought (Druckman, 2001). “Frames in communication — often referred to as “media frame” — focus on what the speaker or news text says; such as how an issue is portrayed by elites, while frames in thought focus on what an individual is thinking; such as the value judgment of an issue” (Entman, et. al., 2009, p. 181).

According to Druckman’s division, the survey contains both types. The first part (division by categories) presents how the NSP is being described by journalists (gatekeepers). Shannon Dunwoody claims that a journalistic frame is a “schema or heuristic, a knowledge structure that is activated by some stimulus and is then employed by a journalist throughout story construction” (Dunwoody, 1992, p. 78). The second part of the survey concerns the “frames in thought.” It means the way in which the news features have been seen by the readers and have been interpreted as a positive, neutral or negative attitude toward Taiwan.

The research is based on the Salma Ghanem’s definition of agenda setting that states: “[...] is now detailing a second level of effects that examines how

media coverage affects both what the public thinks about and how the public thinks about” (Ghanem, 1997, p. 3).

## Methodology of research

Edward S. Herman and Noam Chomsky state that “[...] ‘selection of topics’ is one of the key ways in which the media fulfill their ‘societal purpose’ [...]” (Herman, Chomsky, 1994, p. 298). The following analysis is conducted in the line of that concept. First of all, it examines both the information goal and the amount of news features published in selected categories until September 2019 when the idea of New Southbound Policy had been announced.

The selection is being developed in two dimensions. The former dimension concerns the media with the global coverage, the latter one pertains to the media outlets of the New Southbound Policy area. The research results are to depict the media’ attitude to the incumbent Taiwanese President’s main policy agenda. The research findings of the global media coverage are linked to the potential of Taiwanese soft power’s influence on the global media agenda.

The regional media content analysis comprised the agenda of main newspapers, radio channels or newswire magazines in the area of NSP’S implementing. It highlights the political as well as the societal importance of New Southbound Policy issue in the NSP states.

All the research units come from the English language media outlets categorized both as global or regional/Asian. The units were selected based on the use of “New Southbound Policy” term on the searched website. The outcome depicts the entire volume of searching results achieved between 18th June and 4th October. All types of news have been taken into the consideration during the research process including commentaries (Nalapat, pakobserver.com, 23.09.2019) or opinions (Hawksley, asia.nikkei.com, 04.10.2019). In all cases, the analyzed content is provided by the English version of websites because of that language’s role in the global communication. Furthermore, the English editions of newspapers or news agencies entail and determine the importance of the issue.

There are 208 survey records of research units based on the searching results on the websites of the mass media.<sup>2</sup> The research units come from the different types of media outlets with the global coverage, such as Reuters, AP, New York Times, euronews, France24 or The Diplomat. The latter website provides content about crucial issues of international relations. Due to that fact it has been taken into consideration. The analysis also concerned the content of media from Japan and Hong Kong, such as Kyodo News, The Asahi Shimbun, Nikkei Asian

<sup>2</sup> The full list is enclosed in Table 1 below.

Review or South China Morning Post. Not only do these media influence the public opinion in the region, but on the worldwide level as well.

The other research units – 138 – come from the most influential or the largest mass media in Vietnam, Thailand, India, Malaysia, Pakistan, Singapore and the Philippines. They are regarded as the most influential states considering the NSP idea. Their influence was established on the basis of their economic potential. Seven out of eighteen states included in the NSP are ranked in the annual report on the Best Countries to Invest in 2019 covering 30 states (unews.com, 23.09.2019). These are: Vietnam, Singapore, Malaysia, Indonesia, India, Australia and New Zealand. The latter two countries, such as Australia and New Zealand, do not provide the content about New Southbound Policy to the readers both of newspapers and internet websites. No results were found in Financial Review, ABC News Australia, Sydney Morning Herald and The New Zealand Herald. The reasons of lack the NSP's subject, but not Taiwan's issue at all, might concern the distance between Taiwan and those two states located in the Antipodes of the globe as well as Australia's and New Zealand's memberships in the British Commonwealth of Nations. These two reasons determine the direction of Australia's and New Zealand activities, but there is an economic cooperation between them and the Republic of China.<sup>3</sup> Based on the above, the following media outlets were selected for the analysis:

- Channel News Asia (CNA) from Singapore as well as The Straits Times
- The New Straits Times and Bernama (news agency) from Malaysia
- The Philippine News Agency and Manila Times
- The India Today and Indian Express
- Bangkok Post
- Voice of Vietnam (radio channel's website), Vietnam+ and Saigon Times
- The Jakarta Post
- Pakistan Observer

As far as the methodology is concerned, the research process was divided into a few categories. First of all, the entire collection of searching results (208 research units) was categorized into six issues such as: politics, economy, society, science, culture and agriculture.<sup>4</sup> The outfit of the categories was introduced into the research based on the New Southbound Policy's fields of cooperation, except for the "politics" genre. Despite the declaration made by the President of the Republic of China about the NSP's economic approach, the political aspect cannot be omitted because of the Taiwan's specific status in the international relations. Neither the Taiwan's issue in international, especially in regional relations, cannot be separated from the political aspect because of China's extending

<sup>3</sup> There are two Taiwan's trade agreements in Indo-Pacific region with Singapore and New Zealand. The latter one was signed in 2013.

<sup>4</sup> The 'society' category consists for example of health, visa regime, cuisine, migration, people-to-people relations, development assistance and humanitarian aid, education. The cross-straits relation are involved in 'politics' category.

influence in the Southeast Asia region by the political or economic pressure, nor the Chinese impact on Taiwan's economy cannot be ignored. 39% of Taiwanese exports is driven to Mainland China as well as 400 thousand Taiwanese employees work there (straitstimes.com, 2019.09.11). Furthermore, according to Humphrey Hawksley, "Taiwanese companies operating in China account for at least 10% of country's total exports, according to a study by Citibank, which says that Taiwanese technology companies alone employ 10 million people there" (Hawksley, asia.nikkei.com, 04.10.209).

The agricultural category was also taken into the consideration because of its important role in the NSP's agenda (Glaser, Kennedy, Mitchell, Funaiolo, 2018, pp. 53—57). There is a supplementary project called "Young Agricultural Ambassadors New Southbound Policy Exchange Program" within the NSP's policy (english.president.gov.tw, 2018.10.19).

First, each record was assigned to only one of the six categories. Any multiple choices were not possible. Then the same record was assigned to one of the three attitude's interpretation: positive, neutral and negative. Again, multiple choices in this case were not allowed. The attitude concerns the way in which Taiwan was presented in the research unit. The categorization process does not include the differentiation between types of the news features.

## Research findings

Having analyzed the content of media with global coverage, such as: CNN, RT, Al-Jazeera, DW or BBC World News, there are no pieces of information that cover the New Southbound Policy as either political or economic project. However, some features were found in the Reuters, Associated Press or AFP news-wire services. In 15 cases Reuters was the source of information for euronews.com, Bangkok Post, Straits Times and CNA (Channel NewsAsia of Singapore), whereas Agence France Presse (AFP) was the source in 5 cases for South China Morning Post and France24 (france24.com) or Asahi Shimbun. The other news agencies, such as Kyodo News, Press Trust of India or Associated Press (AP,) provided only one news item concerning the NSP as a policy agenda for their subscribers, including one piece of information paid by BusinessWire (AP). Nevertheless, the feature about Asian firms shuffling their production around the region as China tariffs' hit, was the most frequently shared one. Eventually, the Taiwan Today — Taiwanese MOFA's news service was the source of information for the Manila Times, one of the largest and the most popular newspaper in the Philippines. The list of the research units is shown in the Table.

The information category "politics" is the most frequent (almost half of all research units – 46%). One third of news items stand for economy (34%), where-

as seventeen percent for the society and only three percent for the culture, science or agriculture all together.

As far as the division of attitude's share is concerned through the 208 research units, three fifths of them are positive, whereas almost every fourth is negative. Only ten percent represents the neutral attitude to Taiwan.

The categories of "politics" and "economy" dominate in the research pool and stand for the positive adjustment in 53%. It means that every second feature of information belongs to one of those two categories. Twelve percent positive pieces of information concern the society's subject.

The other division was made for the regional press and the press with global coverage. The Asian press was selected according to its potential of influence on the public opinion in the Southeast and South Asia region.

Three fifths of the analyzed research units are covered by the regional press: Vietnamese, Japanese, Singaporean, Philippine, Malaysian, Indian and Thai or Hong Kong, whereas 45% of them contain the category "politics." Although the economic news has similar results, there are about 40% of all research units involved in the survey's process. Furthermore, the agriculture is associated with the economic issues in this quantitative analysis. Besides every fifth piece of information concerns the society issue and just only few of them belong to the categories: "science" and "culture." Furthermore, about two thirds of research units have positive attitude toward Taiwanese issues, whereas a quarter of them depict Taiwan in a negative light. Only eleven percent is neutral.

Positive attitude contains Three fifths of analyzed research units contain a positive attitude, but every fourth is negative, whereas every tenth is neutral. Two main categories: "politics" and "economy" cover over three fourths of pieces of information about Taiwan's New Southbound Policy (38% each one). Every third research unit comprised in the category called "economy" has positive connotation.

As far as the press with global coverage is concerned, a positive attitude toward Taiwan is represented by three-fourths of features. The category "politics" is the most popular among the research units. Two thirds of research units contain it, whereas every third suits to the category "economy." Only ten percent matches the society's category. About 50% of the total amount of research units (45% exactly) concerning the category "politics" remains positive in tone. Positive news about the economy stands two times less than about politics.

## Conclusions

The New Southbound Policy has not been presented in the top worldwide Western media as a scoop. It is rather treated as a regional issue. The news or features are usually devoted to Taiwan's role in the Southeast Asia region as a subject of political and economic relations. The NSP policy has been mentioned in this context with the reference to a specific world's attitude to the 1992 consensus outcome. Such an interpretation puts Taiwan in media outlets' agenda. It confirms the Taiwan's status as an independent subject of Southeast Asian states' relations as well as strong Republic of China's international visibility that are depicted in *The Diplomat* magazine. Despite the official Taiwan's status in international law, its visibility has not been questioned. The Republic of China with its well-developed economy and matured democracy has its own impact mainly on the regional political and economic relations in Southeast and South Asia.

The ranking of Most Influential Countries in the world confirms the purposefulness of New Southbound Policy direction. Twelve states out of 80 countries of the world, classified in that chart, were targeted in the NSP agenda. The Most Influential Countries ranking draws from a global perceptions-based survey and countries are ranked based on the highest scores among more than 11 thousand informed elites in a compilation of five country attributes: leader, connected to the rest of the world, influential culture, politically influential and strong international alliances" (usnews.com, 24.09.2019). Diagram 3 draws their economic potential according to the Gross Domestic Product's value. Having considered the population, the NSP's "south direction" is also a proper issue. Indonesian as well as Pakistani populations are around 200 million people each, but the Indian population amounts to 2.6 trillion. The GDP per capita of Singapore, Australia, New Zealand and Malaysia is also the highest in the region (usnews.com, 24.09.2019). It is the second reason of including those states into the New Southbound Policy concept. The development success also confirms the suitable direction of NSP (see more about the development success of Singapore, Malaysia, Indonesia, Thailand, Philippines and Brunei: Somjee & Somjee, 1995).

According to the Tsai Ing-wen's idea of NSP that policy focuses on the economy as the main issue. The analysis of the Southeast Asian media outlets' content proves that. The editors and journalists select the information and create news features that match readers' needs and interests.

As far as the content is concerned, it has been developed under the requirements of the agenda setting. Having analyzed the media outlets' content covering the states included in the NSP, some comments should be made. First of all, Vietnamese media content, for example, concentrates on the issues about agriculture, travelling to Taiwan and economic cooperation. This may be due

to large Vietnamese economic diaspora in the Republic of China. It is supposed that Vietnamese people are interested in those issues mostly. The content of Singaporean mass media — analyzed in this survey — reveals the focus on the aspect of political relations with Taiwan as well as the NSP role in raising Taiwanese soft power. “The spirit of the New Southbound Policy is upheld through Taiwan’s leveraging of its soft power to contribute to regional development. In addition to promoting flagship plans and opening up prospective areas, Taiwan is also gradually working on new cooperation initiatives as well as planning measures in other fields. According to international economic forecasts, New Southbound Policy partner countries will enjoy stable governments and robust economic performance in the foreseeable future, allowing their infrastructure development and markets to thrive. Overall international developments are conducive to promoting the New Southbound Policy. Cooperation between Taiwan and these countries will be more focused and incessantly innovative. Government agencies will devote greater attention to these efforts and work hand-in-hand with businesses and other sectors of society to consolidate and better utilize resources to achieve win-win scenarios, thus creating a sense of community throughout the region” (ey.gov.tw, 30.09.2019).

Tourism, health care system as well as the visa regime or medical cooperation are the issues being covered by the Thai press. The Philippine and the Malaysian press focused on utility’s aspects of bilateral relations between the countries and Taiwan, whereas Indonesian press provides its readers with economic subjects mainly, e.g., Taiwanese investments in Indonesia. However, the Indian press primarily presents the political aspect of the New Southbound Policy due to the India’s geopolitical status on the global stage and its aspirations in that matter.

Content of media outlets in the Philippines and Malaysia confirms that idea of strengthening people-to-people relations within the frame of New Southbound Policy was appropriate. Concerning the press content in Japan and Hong Kong and of mass media with global coverage it should be stated that both types are dominated by political analyses in the contexts of NSP as a tool of soft power as well as economic and political rivalry between two superpowers: USA and China.

The final conclusion states that generally, the idea of New Southbound Policy is drawn in the content provided by the media outlets as an economic and political agenda simultaneously, which was introduced both to reduce the economic dependence from China and to raise Taiwan’s international visibility in the Southeast and South Asia region. In such media content, Taiwan is usually presented in the positive way as a vibrant democracy and a responsible member of international community complying with important global issues, such as UN Sustainable Development Goal, e.g., UN Climate Framework Convention. Eventually, the New Southbound Policy has been framed as a positive concept that shapes attractive Taiwan’s image.

Table 1.

Media	title	subject	attitude		
			positive	neutral	negative
1	2	3	4	5	6
Voice of Vietnam	Smart city groups expand	economy	×		
	Taiwan suspends special visa program for Vietnamese after disappearing act	society			×
	Taiwanese youths seek agricultural opportunities in Vietnam	agriculture	×		
Vietnam+	Taiwanese youths seek agricultural opportunities in Vietnam	agriculture	×		
	China's Taiwan to boost investment in Vietnam	economy	×		
NYTimes	With Chinese Tourism Down, Taiwan Looks to Lure Visitors From Southeast Asia	economy	×		
CNA	Asian firms shuffle production around the region as China tariffs hit (source: Reuters)	economy	×		
	How Taiwan is looking to children of overseas brides to bridge gap between Taiwan and Southeast Asian countries (video)	society		×	
The Asahi Shimbun	Asian firms shuffle production around the region as China tariffs hit (source: Reuters)	economy	×		
Associated Press	Taiwan Sells Food Products at Online Grocery Site to Malaysia (paid content from BusinessWire)	economy	×		
Kyodo News	Taiwan's Tsai slams China for freezing individual tourism to island	politics			×
	China's bullying erodes gains made from winning hearts in Taiwan	politics			×
	Taiwan president ends 2nd year with strong economy, low poll numbers	politics	×		
Reuters	Taiwan seeks to build soft power with retooled southbound policy	politics	×		
	Fitch: Taiwan Banks Face Risks in New Markets in Southbound Push	economy		×	
	Taiwan to improve ties with India, official says, despite Chinese disfavor (source: Reuters)	economy	×		
	BRIEF-Deutsche Bank, Bank of Taiwan agree partnership	economy	×		

cd. table 1

1	2	3	4	5	6
	UPDATE 1-FOCUS-Asian firms shuffle production around the region as China tariffs hit	economy	×		
	RPT-FOCUS-Asian firms shuffle production around the region as China tariffs hit	economy	×		
	FOCUS-Asian firms shuffle production around the region as China tariffs hit	economy	×		
	Taiwan courts security ties with bigger friends as Beijing snatches allies	politics	×		
	Taiwan president pledges to defend freedoms despite China pressure	politics	×		
	Fitch: Taiwan Banks' Pivot from China Has Lowered Contagion Risk	economy	×		
	Fitch Upgrades Rating on Taiwan's Hua Nan Commercial Bank	economy	×		
The Diplomat	Assessing Taiwan's New Southbound Policy	politics	×		
	Taiwan Is Retaking the Initiative With Its New Southbound Policy	politics	×		
	Taiwan's New Southbound Policy Meets the US Free and Open Indo-Pacific Strategy	politics	×		
	Taiwan's 'New Southbound Policy' Scores Win in the Philippines	economy	×		
	What's Next for Taiwan's New Southbound Policy With ASEAN?	politics			×
	Unpacking Tsai Ing-wen's New Southbound Policy	economy			×
	Taiwan Woos ASEAN Tourists in Boost for New Southbound Policy	society	×		
	Taiwan New Southbound Policy	politics	×		
	Taiwan and Southeast Asia Have a 'People-Centric' Exchange Problem	politics	×		
	Taiwan as an Indo-Pacific Contributor	politics	×		
	Reforming Taiwan's Immigration Policy	society	×		
	A Nation Reborn? Taiwan's Belated Recognition of Its Southeast Asian Heritage	politics	×		

cd. table 1

1	2	3	4	5	6
	“Grave Concern” as Cambodia Deports Taiwanese Alleged Scammers to China Tsai Ing-wen foreign policy	society			×
	On Taiwan, the Honeymoon Is Over	politics			×
	The Taipei-Beijing ‘Diplomatic Truce’ Crumbles	politics			×
	Taiwan’s Ruling Party Is Getting Tough on China Ahead of 2020	politics	×		
	Taiwan’s Indo-Pacific Role in the Spotlight	politics	×		
	Taiwan’s Topsy-Turvy Cross-Strait Politics	politics			×
	Trump, Taiwan, and the ‘One China’ Policy	politics	×		
	Why the US May Lose Taiwan to Beijing Economically	economy			×
	It’s Official: Taiwan Has a New President	politics	×		
	Where Will US-Taiwan Relations Under Trump End Up?	politics	×		
	Foreign Laborers and Taiwan’s Evolving Democracy	politics	×		
	Taiwan economic growth	economy	×		
	Taiwan’s ‘Little Burma’	society	×		
	Heaven and Earth in Chinese Art: Politics on Display in Australia	culture	×		
	Despite China’s Tough Talk, US Should Move Forward With Taiwan	politics	×		
	Taiwan migrant workers	economy	×		
	A Cross-Strait Chill? You Wouldn’t Know It From Taiwan’s Economic	economy	×		
	Where Is India on the One China Policy?	politics	×		
	Taiwan Relations Act	politics	×		
	KMT Shocks With Its Success in Taiwan Elections	politics	×		
	After the Call: Does Taiwan Have a Plan for the Trump Years?	politics		×	
	In Taiwan, Exports Stabilize Despite 16-Month Decline	economy	×		
	Taiwan’s Opposition Must Get Clear on the Country’s Sovereignty	politics	×		

cd. table 1

1	2	3	4	5	6
	The DPP’s Agenda for Contributing to Regional Stability	politics	×		
	Taiwan’s Voters Have Dealt a Brutal Blow to the Ruling DPP	politics	×		
	Taipei-Shanghai Forum Puts Ko Wen-je’s China Views Into Focus	politics	×		
	Taiwan human trafficking	society			×
	Blatant Sexual Harassment Crops Up During Taiwan’s First Airline	society			×
	Taiwan’s Puzzling New Approach to Japan	politics	×		
	The Dirty Secret of Taiwan’s Fishing Industry	economy			×
	‘One China,’ 5 Interpretations	politics		×	
	Taiwan Voices Support for Uyghurs in China	politics	×		
	China’s Surreptitious Economic Influence on Taiwan’s Elections	politics			×
	Japan’s Practical Taiwan Policy	politics	×		
	One More Down, 19 to Go: Beijing’s Diplomatic Isolation of Taipei	politics			×
	Taiwan and the UN Climate Change Framework	politics	×		
	Taiwan and the Pacific: One Big, Happy Austronesian Family	politics	×		
	The Taiwan Strait After a Second Korean War	politics		×	
	Taiwan Suffers Yet Another Fatal Factory Fire, Igniting Familiar	society			×
	US Asia Policy After Obama: Opportunities and Challenges	politics		×	
Bangkok Post	Taste of Taiwan	society	×		
	Taiwan pact backs Thai medical ICT	economy	×		
	Re-imagining Taiwan’s ties with Asean	politics	×		
	Healthy Taiwan	society	×		
	Taiwan stays visa-free	society	×		
	Taiwan grants visa-free entry to Filipino travellers (Kyodo News)	society	×		
	NokScoot ups Taipei route	economy			×
	Trump’s call to Taiwan no shock	politics	×		

cd. table 1

1	2	3	4	5	6
	Taiwan lawmakers urge Formosa probe over Vietnam fish deaths (AFP)	economy			×
	Taiwan diplomacy harder than ever in US-China tug of war (AFP)	politics	×		
	China's BRI push marred by trust deficit	economy	×		
	Taiwan arrests 7 over Vietnamese prostitution ring (AFP)	society			×
	Asian firms shuffle production as China tariffs hit (source: Reuters)	economy	×		
Asia Nikkei Review	Taiwan — unlikely beneficiary of the trade war?	economy		×	
	Trade war traps Taiwan between two superpowers	economy			×
	Young Taiwanese uproot to Southeast Asia for pay and prospects	economy			×
	Taiwan risks getting trumped in trade war	economy			×
	Taiwan eyes 'important role' in alternative Asian sphere of influence	politics	×		
	Taiwan's Tsai makes limited headway with 'southbound' turn	politics			×
	Taiwan is growing impatient with its president	politics			×
	Taiwan pledges \$132m to grow ASEAN and South Asia ties	economy	×		
	Taiwan companies grapple with China policy shift	economy			×
	Tsai policy lifts Taiwan stocks tied to Southeast Asia	politics			×
	Taiwan's New Southbound Policy is decreasing its reliance on China	politics	×		
	Loss of Solomon Islands is no significant blow to Taiwan	politics	×		
The Indian Express	Raja Mandala: Modi's Taiwan opportunity	politics	×		
	Consensus growing among nations on 'Free and Open Indo-Pacific': Congressman (Press Trust of India)	politics		×	
	Declaring India 'Major Defence Partner' opens door for increased cooperation: US official	politics		×	
	Taiwan president Tsai Ing-wen pledges to defend freedom despite China pressure	politics	×		

cd. table 1

1	2	3	4	5	6
India Today	Consensus growing among nations on 'Free and Open Indo-Pacific': Congressman (Press Trust of India)	politics		×	
	MoU 2	science		×	
	Geopolitics wont hamper ties with India: Taiwan trade body chief	economy	×		
	India 'playing with fire' by hosting Taiwan MPs: Chinese media	politics	×		
	Taiwan delegation in India; criticises One China policy	politics		×	
	Reopens FGN 7	politics		×	
euronews	Taiwan to improve ties with India, official says, despite Chinese disfavour (source: Reuters)	economy	×		
South China Morning Post	Taiwan looks south to find economic answer to cross- strait bind	economy		×	
	Illegal immigration disrupts Taiwan's economic shift away from China	economy			×
	Two reasons Taiwan must come to terms with China	economy			×
	Is Beijing planning to take Taiwan back ... by force?	politics			×
	Taiwan's wooing of Asean is pointless. It should just accept China	politics			×
	Beijing's ban on solo travellers to Taiwan could cost self-ruled island	economy			×
	Tourists flock to Taiwan in record numbers despite drop from mainland China	economy	×		
	Beijing 'won't allow Taiwan reunification to be postponed indefinitely	politics			×
	Taiwan to hold independence rally in challenge to Beijing (source: AFP)	politics	×		
	Harry Potter website bows to fans' demands that it restore Taiwan to China in drop-down menu	culture			×
	First solo travellers, now Beijing cuts group tours to step up press	economy			×
	Migrant worker's death at hands of Taiwan police highlights failing	society			×
	Taiwan sees opportunity in US-China trade war	economy	×		
	Taiwan reaches out to Southeast Asian students to help cut economic reliance from Beijing	society	×		

cd. table 1

1	2	3	4	5	6
France24	Taiwan to hold independence rally in challenge to Beijing (source: AFP)	politics	×		
	Taiwan looks south for Muslim tourist dollars	economy	×		
	Taiwan diplomacy harder than ever in US-China tug of war	politics	×		
The Manila Times	Taiwan-PH cultural relations strengthened	culture	×		
	Taiwan youth ambassadors in Manila	society	×		
	The implications of cross-strait conflict	politics		×	
	Taipei aims to beef up 'southbound' youth envoy	society		×	
	policy				
Bernama	Taiwan young ambassadors to visit Malaysia	society	×		
Philippine News Agency	Taiwan extends visa-free entry for Pinoys until 2020	society	×		
	TECO now accepting applicants for Taiwan Fellowship	science	×		
	Taiwan donates P13.5-M aid to 'Ompong'-hit northern Luzon	society	×		
	New Taipei representative seeks strong tourism ties with PH	economy	×		
	Taiwan to reassess visa-free entry for Filipinos July 2018	society	×		
	Taiwan grants visa-free entry for Filipinos starting November	society	×		
	More Taiwanese firms keen on expanding in PH	economy	×		
The Straits Times	Warning signals for the 'New Southbound Policy': The China Post	politics			×
	Taiwan seeks to build soft power with retooled southbound policy (source: Reuters)	politics	×		
	How Taiwan's New Southbound Policy can succeed: The China Post	politics			×
	Taiwan's 'New Southbound Policy' resembles empty promise: The China Post	politics			×
	Taiwan's Southbound policy is 'purely economics'	politics	×		
	Taiwan's 'pivot south' policy faces obstacles	politics			×

cd. table 1

1	2	3	4	5	6
	Taiwan's New Southward Policy must go beyond chasing: The China Post	politics		×	
	Kaohsiung well positioned for new trade push	economy	×		
	Taiwan appoints trade expert as Singapore envoy	politics		×	
	Taiwan rebuffs China tourist snub with record 2018 arrivals	economy	×		
	Hard for Taiwan to avoid China even down south	politics			×
	Taiwan arrests seven over Vietnam group disappearances	society	×		
	Taiwan's 'pivot south' on track, says President Tsai Ing-wen	politics	×		
	Taiwan searches for 152 missing Vietnamese tourists	society	×		
	Taiwan and Singapore can boost ties by being "pro-active": Tsai Ing-wen	politics	×		
	Taiwan must tailor approach to each Asean state: Singapore envoy	politics	×		
	El Salvador deals Taiwan fresh blow by recognising China	politics			×
	President Tsai's approval rating drops: The China Post	politics			×
	Taiwan's US\$172 million boost for closer trade ties with the region	politics	×		
	Taiwan plans people-centric drive to wean itself off China	society	×		
	Taiwan's plan to 'pivot south' fraught with challenges	politics			×
	Taiwan diplomacy harder than ever in US-China tug of war	politics	×		
	Taiwan plans visa waiver for Asean visitors	society	×		
	Taiwan looks to South-east Asia for Muslim tourist dollars	economy	×		
	Taiwan looks to S-E Asia for Muslim tourist dollars	economy	×		
	Taiwan makes \$182m 'pivot south' push	economy	×		
	Tsai vows to defend Taiwan's freedom	politics	×		

cd. table 1

1	2	3	4	5	6
	Taichung sets sights on becoming a boomtown	economy	×		
	Taiwanese tech firms eye online market in Asean	economy	×		
	Taiwan's current stance on China could lead to trouble: The China Post	politics			×
	Taiwan sees more tourists as arrivals from China drop	economy	×		
	Taiwan courts security ties with bigger friends as Beijing snatches allies	politics	×		
	Taiwan shouldn't put all eggs in one China-shaped basket: The China Post	economy			×
	Grading Tsai's first 100 days in office	politics			×
	Asian firms shuffle production around the region as China tariffs hit (source: Reuters)	economy	×		
	Asian firms shuffle production around region as tariffs on China bite	economy	×		
	Taiwan should avoid baiting China, say experts	politics			×
	Techies wanted for Taiwan's Silicon Valley	economy	×		
	Taiwan turns up charm to woo Muslim travelers	economy	×		
New Straits Times	Boosting Asean's stature in pivot to regional democracy	politics	×		
	Taiwan searches for 152 missing Vietnamese tourists	society	×		
	Malaysia still Taiwanese investors' favorite	economy	×		
The Jakarta Post	Taiwan looks south for Muslim tourist dollars	economy	×		
	RI seeks answers to forced labor allegations	society			×
	Indonesia demands answer from Taiwan over forced labor allegations	society			×
	Indonesia to suspend recruitment for scholarship program in Taiwan	society			×
	Taiwan searches for 152 missing Vietnamese tourists	society	×		
	Taiwan's advanced medical technology gives patients new hope	society	×		

cd. table 1

1	2	3	4	5	6
	Exploring Taipei's halal tourists sites	economy	×		
	With new policy, Taiwan turns south	economy	×		
	RI set to reap rewards of Taiwan's NSP	politics	×		
	Talk of the week: Indonesia, Taiwan explore potential cooperation	politics	×		
	Taiwan looks south for Muslim tourist dollars	economy	×		
	Taiwanese investors seek better opportunities in Indonesia	economy	×		
	Indonesia one of Taiwan's important partners: vice president	politics	×		
	RI business forum in Taipei aims to spur investment	economy	×		
	People-centered orientation key to New Southbound Policy	politics	×		
	Taiwan promises increased investment in Indonesia	economy	×		
	Kaohsiung to be Taiwan base for push to Southeast Asia	economy	×		
	Taiwan seeks more business opportunities with Indonesia	economy	×		
	Taiwan unveils 'southbound' policy with beneficial co-op	economy	×		
	Trial lets Thais, Bruneians come to Taiwan visa-free	society	×		
	China, Southeast Asian markets equally important for Taiwan	economy	×		
	Taiwan plans people-centric drive to wean itself off China	politics			×
Saigon Times	Tourism ministry asks for measures to fight illegal overseas travel	society	×		
	Taiwan suspends issuing "Kuan Hung" visas for Vietnamese	society	×		
Pakistan Observer	Trump seeks to stop China becoming No 1	politics		×	

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